



Equity markets finished the month on a rather subdued note as investors fretted over the continuing weakness in bond markets with the US 10 Year Treasury yield rising to 3.7%. While this yield in itself is not high in historic terms, it has had the effect of feeding through to US mortgage rates which the Fed have been attempting to reduce in an attempt to kick-start the US housing market. With house-price data during the week continuing to show weakness and the level of Prime mortgage delinquencies now standing at 6% (the historic running rate for this figure has been 3%) the last thing the US homeowner needs is higher re-financing costs. The read across for the broader economy with such an issue is clearly not positive as it will add further pressure to already fragile consumer spending patterns. Equity markets have traded sideways for a month with a range from the month high and low of just 4.5% in the FTSE, Dow and S&P, a range that was characterised by very low trading volumes. While credit markets continue to perform well and the recognised reading of investor fear the VIX now trading at pre-Lehman levels, there is an air of uncertainty in the market caused by the fact that bar the Consumer Confidence reading last week, there have been no positive surprises to recent economic releases. From a situation in March and April where no bad news was positive for markets, to one now where no good news is disappointing, the excessive optimism that fuelled the March rally has been curbed somewhat. Accordingly, in the absence of some positive surprises in the data releases, we are reluctant to aggressive chase this market, preferring instead to bide our time for a more attractive entry level. The key areas of focus this week for equity markets will be: **US bond yields**; **Pending Home Sales (Tues)** for possible signs of stability; and **Non-Farm Payrolls (Fri)** where signs of a moderation in job losses would be welcome.

TRADING IDEAS, EARNINGS & PREVIEWS

Anglo Irish Bank released interim results on Friday recording the largest loss in Irish financial history. The loss before tax was €4.04bn compared to a profit of €647m in the same period last year. The reason for the large loss was due to impairment charges for loans for the period which were €4.09bn or almost 6% of the average loan book. The size of the loss has almost completely destroyed the equity capital base of the bank with core tier 1 capital now at 1.4%, significantly below the minimum required of 4%. The Irish Government have agreed to inject €4bn of capital into the group once approval is granted for the injection by the European Commission and the bank will also be included in NAMA. Exception from the capital requirements have been granted by the Central Bank till the end of July. Customer deposits fell in the half year by €13.7bn and the loan to deposit ratio has moved from 1.4x to 1.95x. The decline in customer deposits was mainly due to heavy outflows in corporate deposits, falling by €14.5bn and this was off-set slightly by an increase of €800m in retail deposits. To replace this outflow the Central Bank has provided a collateralised liquidity line of €10bn to the bank and other Central Banks have provided €13.5bn of funding. This level of funding taken from Central Banks is almost 30% of the balance sheet, highlighting the future of the group is entirely dependent on government support to be able to finance its balance sheet. Asset quality of the loan book has declined since September with impairment losses now expected to be €7.5bn, but this estimate could be lower or higher with management guiding a range of €6.4 to €8.4bn. The majority of the impairments related to Ireland (80%) with the development loan book the largest contributor. A further €339m impairment charge was put against loans to "ten longstanding clients of the bank" and loans to former directors where the security was shares in Anglo Irish Bank.

The future for Anglo Irish Bank remains uncertain following these results, but it remains a draw on state resources. The bank will buy back certain subordinated debt issues that are trading at a significant discount to par to increase capital. The results show the main issues at the moment facing banks is development loans and this was the area of the largest loan losses at the half year. This is a negative for AIB due to the €22bn of development loans on its balance sheet. The results are a negative for the Irish Government as the bank will require cash deposits from the state while it rebuilds its deposit base and reduce the size of the loan book. Further capital injection could also be required if loan losses increase above €7.5bn as guided by management. With the government facing large deficits in the next three years, these cash calls will increase the national debt further. Yields and Credit Default Swaps (CDS) spreads have remained stable after the results, but they had moved higher in the last week before the release

CRH recently issued a trading statement for the first four months of the year. The group pointed out that trading conditions had been extremely challenging impacted by weak economic activity and poor weather conditions. As a result EPS estimates for CRH for 2009 have declined by c. 5% to €1.30. On a long-term view we continue to like CRH as a strong recovery play and it will benefit from the stimulus infrastructure projects that are about to commence in the US. However, given the stock is currently trading at 14x 2009 earnings with no growth expected this year and 2010, we expect many of its markets will remain under pressure for the foreseeable future. We would be trading buyers of the stock at c. €16.00 which would place the group at 12x 2009 earnings. CRH will issue a further trading statement on July 7th.

One of our recent additions to our preferred US stock list, Cisco, was added to the Dow Jones 30 index yesterday. Cisco's principal activities are to design, develop, manufacture and market technical support for networking and other products and services related to the provision of communications and information technology. The group has operations throughout the world including the Americas, Europe, Middle East and Asia. Cisco generates c. 46% of its revenue outside of the US and will be a beneficiary of the weak \$. Recent comments from the group's CEO, John Chambers (recognised as one of the top CEO's in the US) have turned more positive as orders for its equipment have picked up. Cisco will be one of the biggest beneficiaries in the technology sector from the US infrastructure stimulus project with significant spending on state projects including schools, universities and hospitals on technology equipment. The group also benefits from a net cash position of c. \$20bn.

McDonalds remains one of our top US picks. The group's recent April sales figures showed a global increase of 6.9% highlight its defensive characteristics despite the current economic downturn. All of the group's geographical regions put in strong performances. US sales increased by 6.1%, European sales by 8.9%. Sales in the group's APMEA region increased by over 6%. The strong performance is all the more admirable given that peers Wendy's and Burger King have both recently issued profit warnings. McDonalds is clearly continuing to take market share from its peers. The group's McCafe is also proving a draw for customers and its lower priced offering is taking market share from the likes of Starbucks. McDonalds trades at c. 15x forward earnings, a multiple that we view as attractive, given its growth prospects and brand recognition. McDonalds' pays an attractive dividend yield of 3.4% and is due to release monthly sales figures on June 8th.

Ryanair has reported a full year net profit of €105m this morning, down 78% from last year but ahead of the group's guidance and market expectations of €80m. Revenue rose by 8% to €2,942m as average fares fell only 8% to €40, considerably less than market expectations, while traffic grew 15% to €58.5m. Fuel costs rose by 59% to €1.257bn and accounted for over 45% of total operating costs compared to 37% in fiscal 2008. It has extended its fuel hedging programme with 90% of its jet fuel requirements for the first three quarters of FY10 hedged at \$62 a barrel and 5% of Q4 at c.\$50 a barrel. Ancillary revenues grew by 23% to €598m and Ryanair has now achieved its target of ancillary revenues equalling 20% of total revenues. However key in today's announcement was the group's 2010 average fare outlook. It intends to continue its market share growth strategy and expects that a combination of weaker sterling and capacity growth will cause average fares to fall by between 15% to 20% to as little as €32 this year. Incorporating these assumptions, it expects that after tax profits for the full year 2010 to at least double to a range between €200m to €300m. We will be issuing a detailed note over the coming days and we expect to be lowering our 2010 eps forecast closer to the 20c mark down from 27c.

Earnings Week Ahead

Economic Week Ahead

Mon: * No significant announcements

Tues: (Ryanair, Q2) (Aryzta, Q2) (Kingfisher, Q1) (GB Group, FY) (WPP, AGM) (Ford, May Sales) (GM, May Sales)

Wed: (BA, Traffic) (Sportingbet, Q2)

Thurs: (easyJet, Traffic) (Wm Morrison, Q2) (WH Smith, Trade) (GAP, Sales) (JC Penny, Sales)

Fri: (Lloyds, AGM) (Barclays, AGM) (Carphone Warehouse, FY) (Aer Lingus, S/ Holders)

Mon: GE PMI Manufacturing (08:55) EC PMI Manufacturing (9:00) UK PMI Manufacturing (9:30) US Personal Income (13:30) US PCI Core (13:30)

Tues: UK Net Consumer Credit (09:30), UK M4 Money Supply (09:30), UK PMI Construction (09:30), US Pending Home Sales MoM (15:00),

Wed: GE PMI Services (08:55), EC PMI Services (09:00), UK PMI Services (09:30), EC Euro-Zone PPI (10:00), EC Euro-Zone GDP (10:00), US MBA Mortgage Applications (12:00), US Challenger Job Cuts (12:30), US ADP Employment Change

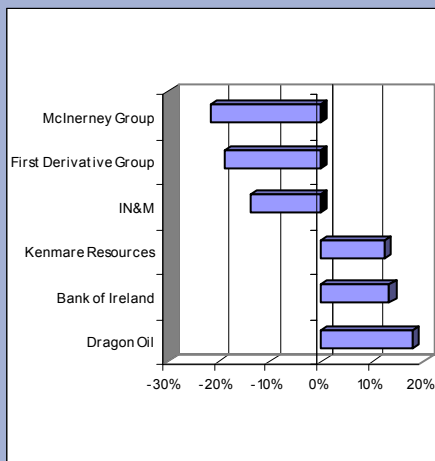
Thurs: EC Euro-Zone Retail Sales (10:00) UK BOE ANNOUNCES RATES (12:00) EC ECB Announces Interest Rates (12:45) US Initial Jobless Claims (13:30) CA Bank of Canada Rate (14:00)

Fri: UK PPI Input NSA (09:30) UK PPI Output n.s.a. (09:30) US Change in Nonfarm Payrolls (13:30) US Consumer Credit (20:00)

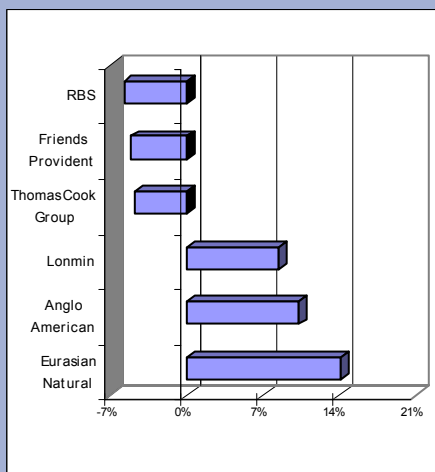
DOLMEN STOCKBROKERS Traders Update

Last Weeks Best/
Worst Performers
25/05/09-29/05/09

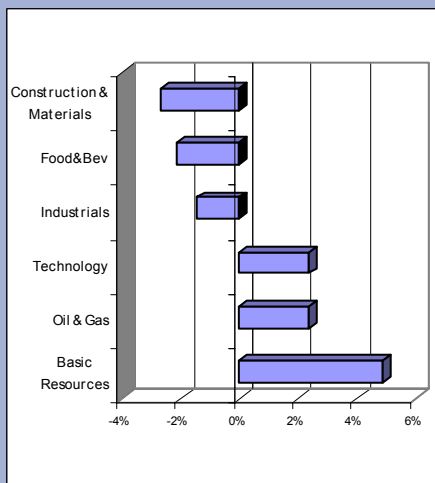
ISEQ



FTSE



Sector changes WTD



Dolmen Dozen

WEEKLY UPDATE



Company	YTD	Relevant news
Aryzta	-4.8%	Aryzta posts results in line with expectations and reiterates full year eps guidance
BP	-4.8%	BP indicate it will continue to invest in future production and pay dividends despite falling oil price.
CRH	0.3%	Trading update indicates conditions remain challenging
DCC	38.8%	Game group results point to continued resilience in computer game market
E.ON	-12.4%	E.On says it is looking to buy back €4.25bn of bonds to make more efficient use of cash.
Hewlett-Packard	-5.2%	Peer Intel posts better than expected Q1 results.
IL&P	91.1%	Speculation surrounding restructuring of the group persist.
IN&M	-31.7%	Awaiting details on bond refinancing
J&J	-7.6%	J&J reports resilient Q1 earnings.
JPMorgan	11.0%	JPMorgan successfully issues \$3bn non-government guaranteed bond at T+350bps.
Microsoft	1.9%	Microsoft will deliver \$1.5bn annual saving by the middle of 2010 through 5000 headcount reduction.
Vodafone	16.9%	Vodafone posts results in line with expectations

What it says in the 'Sundays'

Company	Paper	Headline
Irish Banks	S.Tribune	Developers forced to cut prices by NAMA
Irish Banks	S.Tribune	State balked at €60bn cost of winding up ANGLo
Greencore	S.Independent	Greencore clobbered by a sterling exchange rate
Ryanair	S. Business Post	Ryanair offers its Aer Lingus vote at AGM to the government
Irish banks	S. Business Post	State's €1bn bid to cut the cost of Anglo bailout

Corporate Visits

COMPANY

PRESENTATION DATE

Paddy Power 10th June



Last Weeks Moves

Equities	Level	Change WTD	Change YTD	Div Yield	P/E09
ISEQ	2,852	5.9%	21.9%	2.8	14.6
FTSE	4,484	1.6%	1.1%	4.6	30.5
DAX	5,145	4.6%	7.0%	4.3	26.7
DOW	8,721	1.0%	-0.6%	3.4	21.5
500	942	6.3%	4.3%	3.0	15.4
NAS	1,828	4.5%	15.9%	1.1	27.9
EURSTOX	2,175	3.6%	3.6%	4.7	19.6
NIKKEI	9704	5.1%	9.5%	1.9	73.8

Sector	Weekly move%	YTD move %
Basic Resources	4.88	43.21
Oil & Gas	2.35	11.60
Technology	2.34	12.24
Retail	1.80	14.12
Banks	1.62	21.26
Telecom	1.15	-9.57
Financial Services	0.79	15.17
Travel & Leisure	0.67	5.05
Media	0.60	-1.05
Autos	0.56	5.06
Utilities	0.49	-8.73
Personal & Household Goods	-0.12	5.46
Chemicals	-0.17	8.07
Healthcare	-0.41	-8.55
Insurance	-0.70	-7.32
Industrials	-1.46	6.71
Food&Bev	-2.12	-1.12
Construction & Materials	-2.65	6.60

Commodities

	Current	Change YTD
Crude	68.10	31.5%
Gold	976.5	11.1%

Exchange Rates

	Current	YTD Change	Year End (est)
EUR USD	1.4218	-1.2%	1.40
EUR GBP	0.8648	-9.5%	0.93
EUR JPY	136.14	6.8%	120

GDP Growth

	2008	2009 (est)
Ireland	-1.70%	-8.50%
Euro Zone	1.20%	-2.00%
UK	1.00%	-4.25%

Central Bank Interest Rates

	Current	3 month	Year End (est)
Euro Zone	1.00%	1.31%	1.00%
UK	0.50%	1.42%	0.50%
US	0.00% - 0.25%	0.94%	0.0% - 0.25%



Regulatory Information

Dolmen Securities Limited is regulated by the Financial Regulator. Dolmen Securities Limited is a member firm of the London Stock Exchange. Dolmen Stockbrokers is regulated by the Financial Regulator. Dolmen Stockbrokers Limited is a member firm of the Irish Stock Exchange and the London Stock Exchange.

This report has been prepared by Dolmen Stockbrokers ('Dolmen') for information purposes in order to assist investors to make their own investment decisions and is not intended to and does not constitute personal recommendations nor provide the sole basis for any evaluation of the securities discussed. Specifically the information contained in this report should not be taken as an offer or solicitation of investment advice or, encourage the purchase or sale of any particular security, option, future or other derivative investment. Not all recommendations are necessarily suitable for all investors and Dolmen recommend that specific advice should always be sought prior to investment, based on the particular circumstances of the investor.

Although the information in this report has been obtained from sources, which Dolmen believes to be reliable and all reasonable efforts are made to present accurate information Dolmen give no warranty or guarantee as to, and do not accept responsibility for, the correctness, completeness, timeliness or accuracy of the information provided or its transmission. Nor shall Dolmen, or any of its employees, directors or agents, be liable to for any losses, damages, costs, claims, demands or expenses of any kind whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, suffered or incurred in consequence of any use of, or reliance upon, the information. Any person acting on the information contained in this report does so entirely at his or her own risk.

All estimates, views and opinions included in this report constitute Dolmen's judgment as of the date of the report but may be subject to change without notice. Changes to assumptions may have a material impact on any recommendations made herein.

Unless specifically indicated to the contrary this report has not been disclosed to the covered issuer(s) in advance of publication.

Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance. The value of your investment may go down as well as up. Investments denominated in foreign currencies are subject to fluctuations in exchange rates, which may have an adverse affect on the value of the investments, sale proceeds, and on dividend or interest income. The income you get from your investment may go down as well as up. Figures quoted are estimates only, they are not a reliable guide to the future performance of this investment. Investors should be aware that forwarding looking statements and forecasts may not be realised.

This report is the property of Dolmen and may not be reproduced (in whole or in part) altered, transmitted or made available to any other person without the prior written permission of Dolmen.

Conflicts of Interest & Share Ownership Policy

Dolmen, its employees, directors or related companies, may have a shareholding in the securities (or related investments / derivatives) of certain companies covered in this report, or may provide/ solicit investment banking or other services to/ from them.

It is noted that research analysts' compensation is impacted upon by overall firm profitability and accordingly may be affected to some extent by revenues arising other Dolmen business units including Corporate Finance, Fund Management and Stockbroking. Revenues in these business units may derive in part from the recommendations or views in this report. Notwithstanding, Dolmen is satisfied that the objectivity of views and recommendations contained in this report has not been compromised.

Dolmen permits research analysts to own shares and/ or derivative positions in the companies they publish research, views and recommendations on. Accordingly analysts involved in the production of this report may have positions in any securities herein. Dolmen ensures that all staff dealing is undertaken in strict compliance with Dolmen's internal staff dealing procedures. Therefore Dolmen is satisfied that the impartiality of research, views and recommendations remains assured.

Analyst Certification

Each research analyst responsible for the content of this report, in whole or in part, certifies that: (1) all of the views expressed accurately reflect his or her personal views about those securities or issuers; and (2) no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed by that research analyst in the research report. Oliver Gilvarry, David Dunk, Stephen Taylor and Edward Keeling are responsible for the production of this report. Oliver Gilvarry is Head of Research and David Dunk, Stephen Taylor and Edward Keeling are equity analysts.

For US Persons Only

This report is only provided in the US to major institutional investors as defined by s. 15 a-6 of the Securities Exchange Act, 1934 as amended. A US recipient of this report shall not distribute or provide this report or any part thereof to any other person.

Dolmen Stockbrokers, 75 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin 2, Ireland.



DOLMEN SECURITIES LTD

75 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin 2, Ireland.
45 South Mall, Cork, Ireland
Theatre Court, Mallow St, Limerick, Ireland.

Tel : +353 1 633 3800/1890 400 300
Tel : +353 21 422 2122
Tel : +353 61 436 500

E-mail: info@dsl.ie
E-mail: cork@dsl.ie
E-mail: Limerick@dsl.ie